Bloodborne Pathogens Refresher Information

In accordance with OSHA requirements, all staff must be in-serviced yearly on Bloodborne Pathogens Guidelines. We have highlighted pertinent information for you to read and refer to as needed. After you have read the material please fill out the training record and return it to the school nurse or building Principal. If you have any questions regarding this material, please talk to the school nurse in your building.

Occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens such as Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C and HIV (Human Immuno-deficiency Virus) can occur by exposure to blood contaminated by these viruses. Your risk of contracting one of these viruses at school is low because your contact with blood is infrequent. However, if the need arises you must be prepared to deal with blood safely.

Exposure to bloodborne viruses can occur at work if:

- 1. Blood or other potentially infectious materials contact your broken skin or the mucous membranes of your eyes, nose or mouth.
- 2. A contaminated sharp object punctures your skin. You cannot become infected with these viruses through casual contact, coughing, sneezing, a kiss on the cheek, a hug, or from drinking fountains or food.

To protect yourself from exposure the CDC has developed Universal Precautions to prevent the transmission of bloodborne pathogens when providing first aid or healthcare. It means treating all blood and other potentially infectious materials as though infected with bloodborne pathogens. These principles protect you from bloodborne and other pathogens when you must handle body substances. Below are some precautions you must take:

- 1. Always use barrier protection, such as gloves, when you anticipate touching blood, body fluids or contaminated surfaces. Use single-use disposable gloves when administering first aid. Cover any hand cuts you may have before gloving. Gloves must fit snugly and extend over the wrist. Use once, then throw away.
- 2. Avoid touching the outside of contaminated gloves when removing them. Then wash your hands, whether or not you touched the outside of the glove.
- 3. Discard used gloves or any other contaminated material in an appropriate container.
- 4. Wash your hands and other skin surfaces immediately after contact with blood or other body fluids. Hand washing is your main protection against contracting an infection or transmitting it to others.
- 5. Pick up broken glass and other sharp objects with a broom and dustpan or tongs, not your hands. Dispose of the debris in an appropriate puncture resistant sharps container. Trash may contain sharp objects, so don't reach into or push trash down with hands or feet. A sharps container is located in every building.
- 6. Always use barrier protection if you have to resuscitate a victim (CPR).
- 7. The Hepatitis B vaccine prevents Hepatitis B infection. See your school nurse if you have any questions regarding the vaccine.

If you are exposed to blood or other potentially infectious materials, immediately wash affected skin with soap and warm water. Flush eyes and exposed mucous membranes with large amounts of water. Then immediately report the exposure to the building principal and school nurse. An Exposure Control Plan is available in every school office.

ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDELINES NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TRAINING RECORD

DATE:	TIME:	LOCATION:
INSTRUC	ГОR:	
INSTRUC'	TOR QUALIFICATIONS:	
		cation indicated above, I was adequately informed about each of pathogens and other potentially infectious materials.
	Information regarding access to	the OSHA regulations
	Epidemiology and symptoms of	Ebloodborne diseases
	Modes of transmission of blood	borne pathogens
	The District's exposure control	plan, a copy of which I do have access
	Types of situations in which I c	ould be exposed through the performance of assigned duties
	Procedures and equipment that	are to be used to reduce or eliminate the risk of exposure
	Safety, administration, and bene	efits of the Hepatitis B vaccine
	Procedures to be followed by m pathogen or other potentially-in	e and by the District should I be exposed to a bloodborne fectious material
	Post-exposure procedures for ev	valuation and follow-up
The instruc	ctor provided an opportunity to ask o	questions and adequately answered all questions.
Staff Member Signature		Date
Staff Member Name (PLEASE PRINT)		Building